



Dietary Patterns and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes in the Women's Health Initiative

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April 17th, 2024

Diet is Important for Chronic Disease Prevention, including Diabetes





• The style of eating that works well for diabetes may be described as Mediterranean, Nordic, DASH or vegetarian style diets.





Adopt a healthy dietary pattern to lower CVD risk:
 Mediterranean, Portfolio, DASH, vegetarian







Heart healthy dietary patterns include Mediterranean,
 DASH, Healthy US and healthy vegetarian style diets



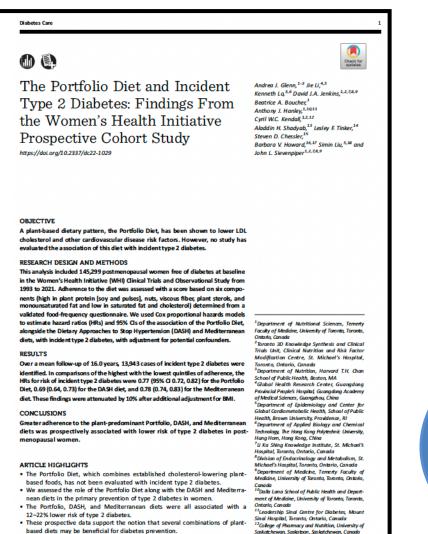


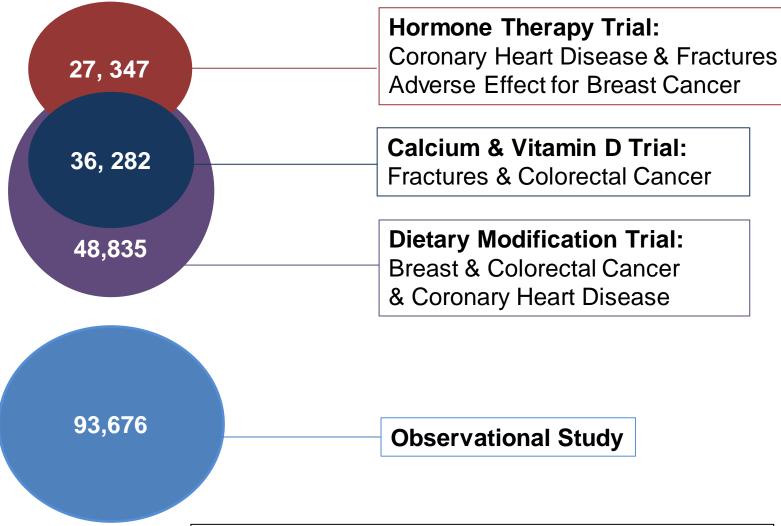
Lifestyle modification: Mediterranean or DASH style

Sievenpiper et al. Can J Diabetes. 2018;42 (Suppl 1):S64-S79. Anderson JT et al. Can J Cardiol. 2016;pii:S0828-282X(16)30732-2. Grundy SM. Circulation 2019;139:e1082-e1143

American Diabetes Association. Diabetes Care 2020;43(Suppl. 1):S48-S65

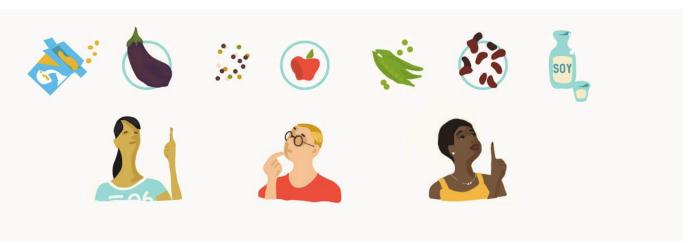
The Portfolio, Mediterranean, and DASH Diets and Risk of Type 2 Diabetes





Glenn et al. Diabetes Care, 2023; 46(1):28-37







WHAT DOES THE PORTFOLIO DIET LOOK LIKE?





Santé Canada



NUTS & SEEDS, 45 g DAILY

All nuts & seeds are good for your heart and cholesterol and contrary to concerns, do not contribute to weight gain. Try having nuts or seeds as a snack between meals, or try adding them to salads, cereals, or yogurt. Try nut butter on your toast as another option. 45 g is about a handful of nuts. If you are allergic to peanuts, or tree nuts, try seeds.





Endorsed for







VISCOUS (STICKY) FIBRE, 20 g DAILY

Plant protein is becoming the easy option. It's a way to take action for your heart and the planet. Start by trying to get 10 g daily which could look like 1 1/4 cup soymilk, ½ cup chickpeas, ⅓ cup ground soy, or ½ big veggie burger. You could also try ½ cup edamame. Try replacing cow's milk with silky soymilk, ground beef with hearty ground soy or lentils, or meat with tasty tofu strips in a stir-fry.

Choose bread and cereals high in oats, barley, and/or psyllium to get your viscous fibre (2-4 g per slice of bread or 4-6 g per cup of dry cereal). Emphasize specific fruits (apples, oranges, berries, persimmons) and vegetables (eggplant, okra) (1-2 g per serving). The easiest way to add viscous fibre is a supplement (psyllium, PGX, pectin). Try adding 1-2 tsp

of a psyllium product to water or pure psyllium husk to smoothies, soy yogurt, or apple

Try heart-healthy oils rich in monounsaturated fatty acids (MUFAs). Extra-virgin olive oil should be the first choice. Other choices include canola, soybean, or "high-oleic" sunflower and safflower

oils. Aim for "extra-virgin" or "cold-pressed" oils (15 g per 1 tbsp of oil). Avocados are also an



















Expected LDL-







OILS (MUFAs), 45 g DAILY

excellent source of MUFAs (9 g per 1/4 fruit).

sauce (2-4 g per tsp).

These occur naturally in plant foods (e.g. nut, soybeans, peas, canola oil) but to get this amount will require a supplement or fortified foods like spreads, juices, or yogurts.







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AVOCADO















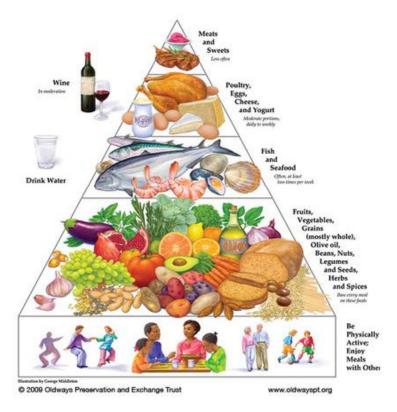






The Mediterranean Diet





https://oldwayspt.org/traditional-diets/mediterranean-diet

"A Mediterranean diet primarily refers to a plant-based diet first described in the 1960s. General features include high consumption of fruits, vegetables, legumes, nuts, seeds, cereals and whole grains; moderate-to-high consumption of olive oil (as the principal source of fat); low-to-moderate consumption of dairy products, fish and poultry; low consumption of red meat; and low-to-moderate consumption of wine, mainly during meals."

Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension (DASH) Diet

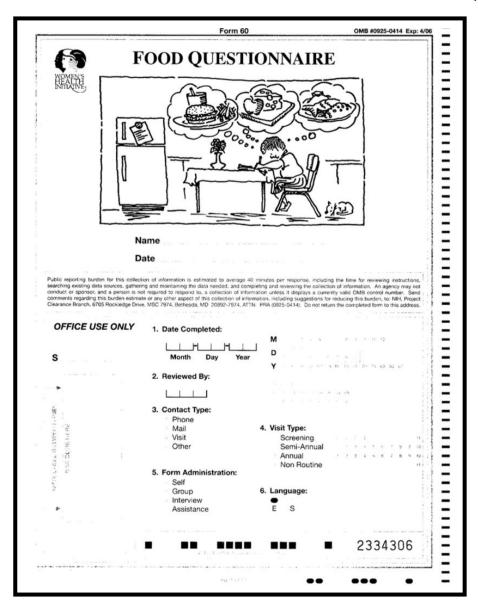
The DASH diet was originally developed to lower blood pressure

The Benefits: Lowers blood pressure & LDL "bad" cholesterol.



www.nhlbi.nih.gov/DASH

Adherence to Dietary Patterns was assessed using the Food Questionnaire



 Foods were put into different categories based on each dietary pattern and everyone received a score for each dietary pattern

• Portfolio: 6-30 points

DASH: 8-40 points

Mediterranean: 0-9 points

All Three Dietary Patterns were Associated with a Similar Lower Risk of Diabetes

	Q1 HR (95% Cls)	Q2 HR (95% Cls)	Q3 HR (95% Cls)	Q4 HR (95% Cls)	Q5 HR (95% Cls)	Per 1-SD increase	Trend p-value	
Portfolio	1.00 [ref]	0.99 (0.94, 1.04)	0.94 (0.89, 0.99)	0.88 (0.83, 0.94)	0.87 (0.82, 0.93)	0.94 (0.93, 0.96)	<0.001	13% ↓ risk
DASH	1.00 [ref]	0.93 (0.88, 0.98)	0.88 (0.84, 0.93)	0.81 (0.77, 0.86)	0.78 (0.72, 0.83)	0.92 (0.90, 0.93)	<0.001	22% ↓ risk
Mediterranean	1.00 [ref]	0.99 (0.94, 1.05)	0.97 (0.92, 1.02)	0.93 (0.88, 0.99)	0.88 (0.83, 0.94)	0.94 (0.93, 0.96)	<0.001	12% ↓ risk

Adjusted for age, region, smoking status, study arm, ethnicity, education, marital status, physical activity, alcohol intake, energy intake, hypertension status, family history of diabetes, hormone therapy use, cholesterol lowering medication use, BMI

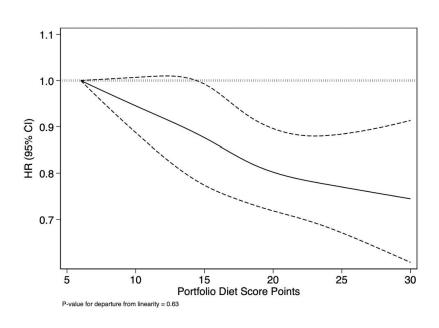


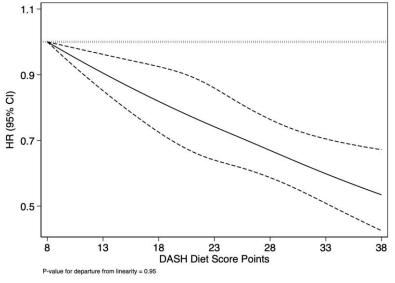
The More Foods Eaten from Each Dietary Pattern, the Lower the Risk of Type 2 Diabetes

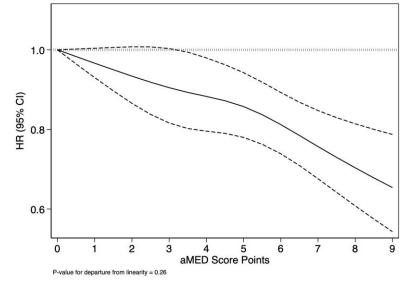
The Portfolio Diet

The DASH Diet

The Mediterranean Diet









What Did We Learn From This Study?

- All three dietary patterns resulted in a similar lower risk of developing type 2 diabetes
- Even small changes to include more foods from the dietary patterns may lower your risk of type 2 diabetes

• Findings align with current clinical practice guidelines for diabetes: Choose the dietary pattern based on values and preferences and that you can stick with in the long-term

JUST START BY INTRODUCING ONE COMPONENT
TO YOUR DIET AND BUILD FROM THERE.

Where can I learn more about the **Portfolio Diet?**

WHAT DOES THE PORTFOLIO DIET LOOK LIKE?



NUTS & SEEDS, 45 g DAILY

All nuts & seeds are good for your heart and cholesterol and contrary to concerns do not contribute to weight gain. Try having nuts or seeds as a snack between meals, or try adding them to salads, cereals, or yogurt. Try nut butter on your toast as another option. 45 g is about a handful of nuts. If you are allergic to peanuts, or tree nuts, try seeds.







Expected LDL-







PLANT PROTEIN, 50 g DAILY

Plant protein is becoming the easy option. It's a way to take action for your heart and the planet. Start by trying to get 10 g daily which could look like 1 1/4 cup soymilk, 1/2 cup chickpeas, 1/3 cup ground soy, or 1/2 big veggie burger. You could also try 1/2 cup edamame. Try replacing cow's milk with silky soymilk, ground beef with hearty ground soy or lentils, or meat with tasty tofu strips in a stir-fry.









Choose bread and cereals high in oats, barley, and/or psyllium to get your viscous fibre (2-4 g per slice of bread or 4-6 g per cup of dry cereal). Emphasize specific fruits (apples, oranges, berries, persimmons) and vegetables (eggplant, okra) (1-2 g per serving). The easiest way to add viscous fibre is a supplement (psyllium, PGX, pectin). Try adding 1-2 tsp of a psyllium product to water or pure psyllium husk to smoothies, soy yogurt, or apple sauce (2-4 g per tsp).

These occur naturally in plant foods (e.g. nut, soybeans, peas, canola oil) but to get this amount will require a supplement or fortified foods like



























OILS (MUFAs), 45 g DAILY

spreads, juices, or yogurts.

† When replacing foods high in saturated fat like butter.

PLANT STEROLS, 2 g DAILY

Try heart-healthy oils rich in monounsaturated fatty acids (MUFAs). Extra-virgin olive oil should be the first choice. Other choices include canola, soybean, or "high-oleic" sunflower and safflower oils. Aim for "extra-virgin" or "cold-pressed" oils (15 g per 1 tbsp of oil). Avocados are also an excellent source of MUFAs (9 g per 1/4 fruit).

*Health Canada and/or the Canadian Cardiovascular Society as well as the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and/or European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)





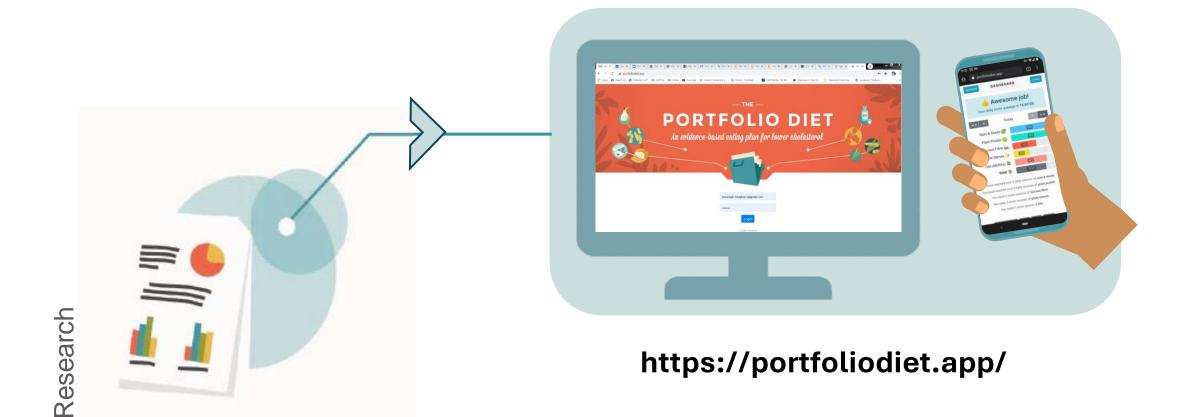








The Portfolio Diet App

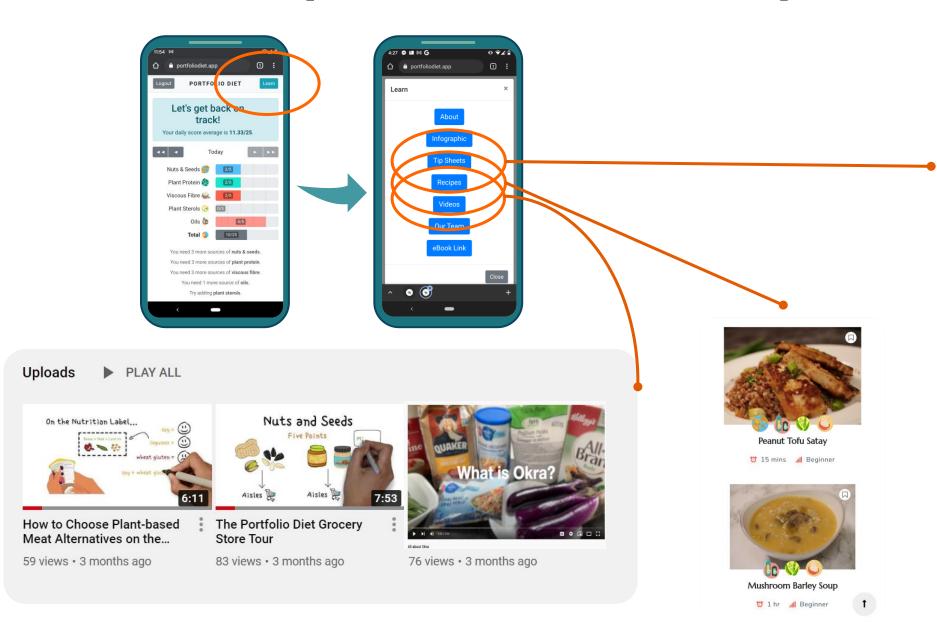


Clinical Practice guidelines





Videos, Tip Sheets, and Recipes



All about Nuts and Seeds

Nuts and seeds are rich sources of heart-healthy fats, protein, vitamins & minerals. They can help lower LDL-cholesterol.

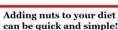












- · Take them to go as a snack
- Top your salad or oatmeal with
 nuts
- Pair 2 tsp of any nut butter with fruits, vegetables or on oat bran bread as a snack

Aim for 5 servings of nuts each day (45g/d = 1/3 cup)



9 almonds, peanuts & other small nuts (9 g)



5 walnut halves (9 g) 2 tsp nut butter



1 Tbsp seeds (flax, sunflower, chia, pumpkin, hemp)

Limit to 5 Portfolio servings to make room for other Portfolio foods in your diet

Choosing types of nuts

- Choose a variety of nuts and seeds to benefit from the range of nutrients they provide
- Choose "all natural" or "just the nuts" versions of nut butters
- Choose plain, unsalted nuts
- Choose coated or <u>flavoured</u> nuts less often
- If choosing Brazil nuts, limit to 2 - 4 nuts/day among a mix of other nuts as they are very high in selenium

Tailoring to your tastes

- Flavour your own nuts with cumin, garlic or chili powder
- Try different nuts- buy small amounts at a bulk food store

For ideas on including nuts and seeds in your diet, check out our recipe ideas under the recipe tab.

See the <u>Peanut or Tree Nut Allergy Tip</u> <u>Sheet</u> for more information if you are allergic to nuts and/or tree nuts.

Thank you to all the WHI participants!